

The Rise and Recognition of Micro-credentials

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Introduction

- Introduction to the STACQ project
- European policy developments
- Recognition of micro-credentials
- Introducing the “Micro-Evaluator”



Share your experience!

- Does your institution offer micro-credentials?
- Does your institution recognize micro-credentials (e.g. for admission or credit)?



Stacking Credits and the Future of the Qualification (2020-2022)

- Co-funded by Erasmus+, 8 project partners.
- Builds on e-VALUATE en PARADIGMS.
- Objective: supporting institutions in their evaluation of micro-credentials.

STACQ (2020-2022)

Activities:

- Publication: the Rise and Recognition of Micro-credentials
- STACQ Round Table Work Conference
- Online recognition tool: the Micro-Evaluator

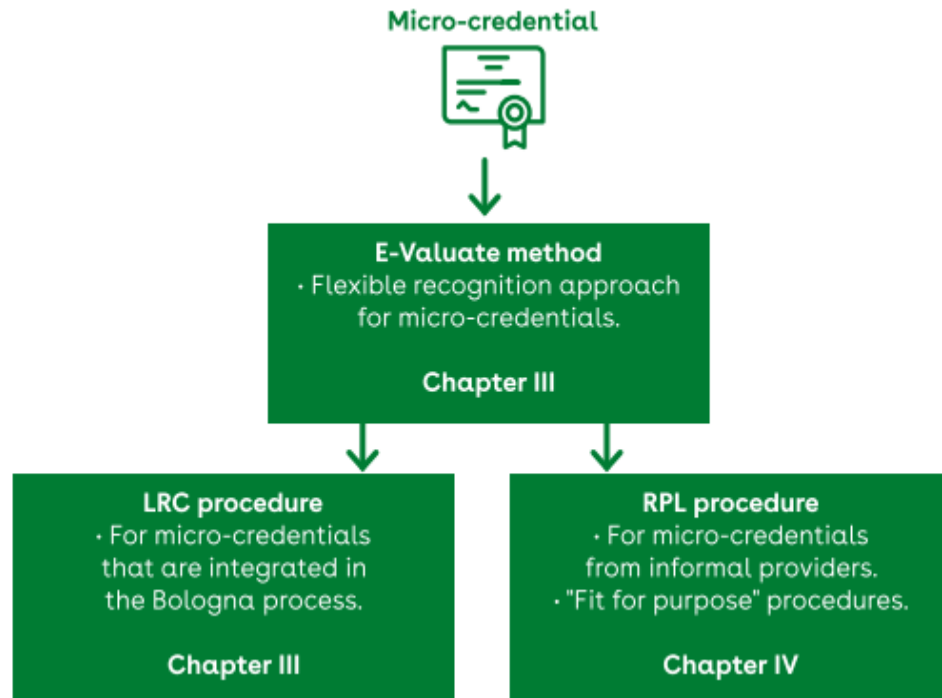
STACQ publication

- Context and policy developments.
- Practical response to the question of recognition.
- Stackability



A two-track approach for recognition

1. A procedure in line with the LRC
2. RPL procedure



Stackability and recognition

The question of the profile

- Regular degree programmes broken down
- Pre-stacked packages
- Generic stacking



Micro-credentials in Europe

Council Recommendation on a European approach to micro-credentials for lifelong learning and employability

December 2021

Challenges to be addressed by the recommendation on micro-credentials

- Closing *skills gaps* in the labour market
- Post-covid recovery
- Digital and green transition
- Life long learning
- Supporting inclusion in HE

What are member states expected to do?

1. Adopt definition and standard elements
2. Develop ecosystem
3. Deliver on the potential of micro-credentials

What are member states expected to do?

Adopt definition on micro-credentials

'Micro-credential' means the record of the learning outcomes that a learner has acquired following a small volume of learning. These learning outcomes have been assessed against transparent and clearly defined standards.

Standard elements of a micro-credential *Selection*

- Title
- Identification of the learner
- Awarding body
- Learning outcomes
- Notional workload (in ECTS)
- Level (connected to EQF)
- Type of assessment
- Form of participation
- Quality assurance

Micro-credentials in Europe



EUROPEAN
Higher Education Area



Rome Ministerial Communiqué (2020)

- A means for innovation in the EHEA
- Realizing student-centered learning
- Creating a “culture for equity and inclusion”



Micro-credentials in Europe

MICROBOL project

How can the existing Bologna tools be used and/or need to be adapted to be applicable to micro-credentials?



Micro-credentials in Europe

MICROBOL

Outputs (selection):

- Survey on micro-credentials in EHEA countries
- Common European Framework for micro-credentials
- Report on the final conference

Practitioner's guide for recognition of e-learning

Introducing a step-by-
step approach towards
academic recognition
of stand-alone e-learning

September 2019

Evaluating and recognizing micro-credentials

- Recognizing small learning experiences in line with the LRC
- Time-efficient approach

E-Valuate **recognition method**

7 criteria for evaluating
“stand-alone e-
learning”.

1. Quality
2. Level
3. Learning outcomes
4. Workload
5. Verification
6. Testing
7. Identification

E-Valuate recognition method

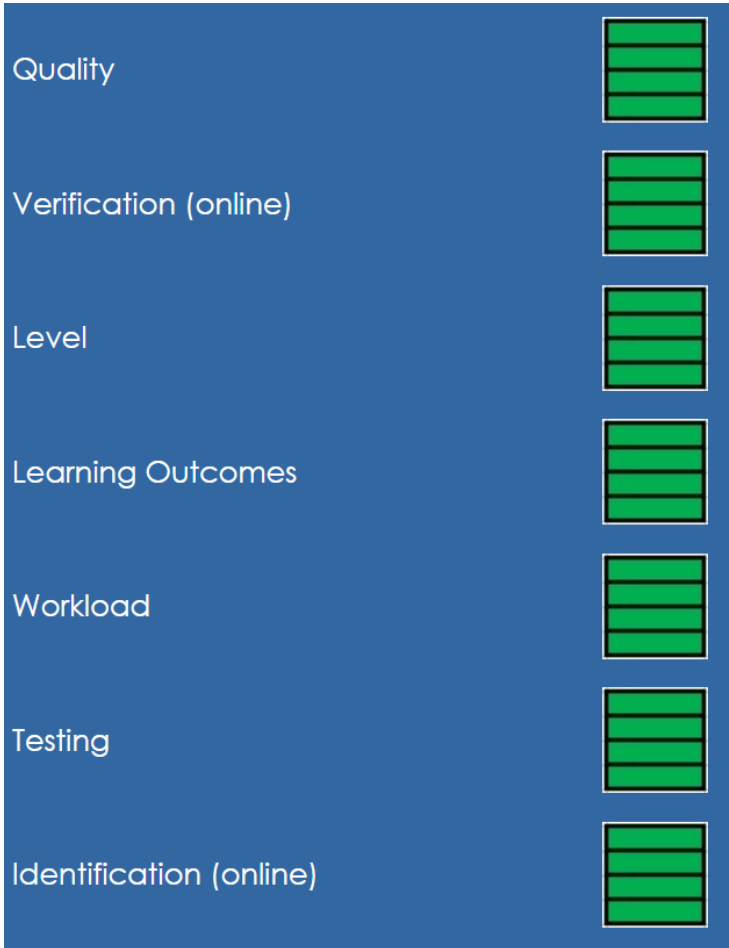
Traffic light model

How robust is a criterion?

Figure i: Traffic light model¹⁰

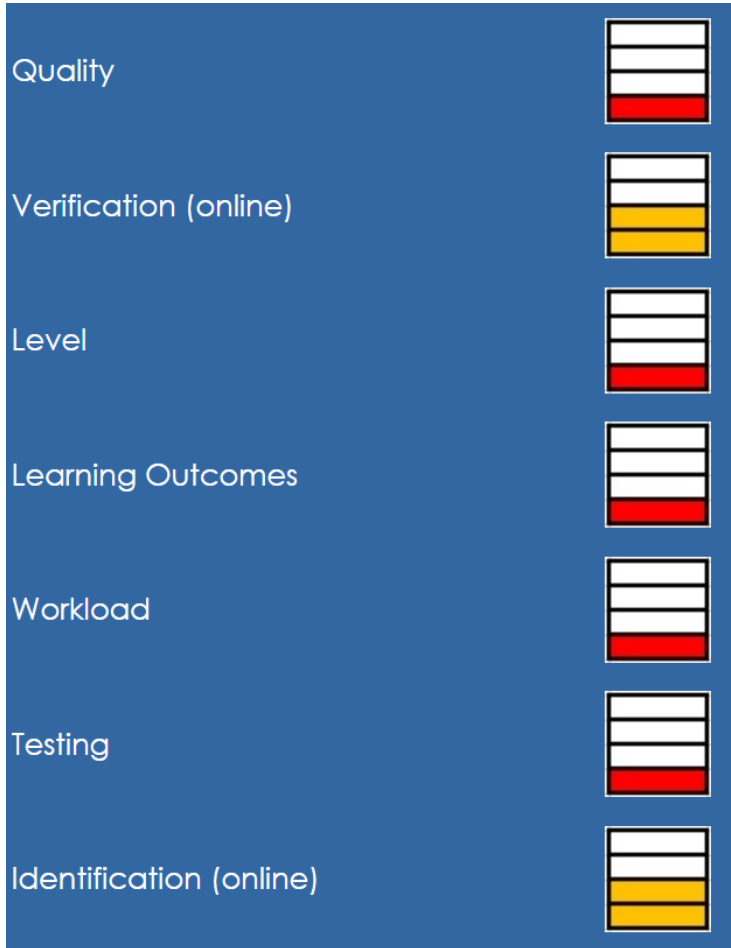
| Level of robustness | Quality | Authenticity | Level | Learning outcomes | Workload | Testing | ID |
|---------------------|---------|--------------|-------|-------------------|----------|---------|----|
| 0 | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |

Practitioner's
Guide, p. 14.



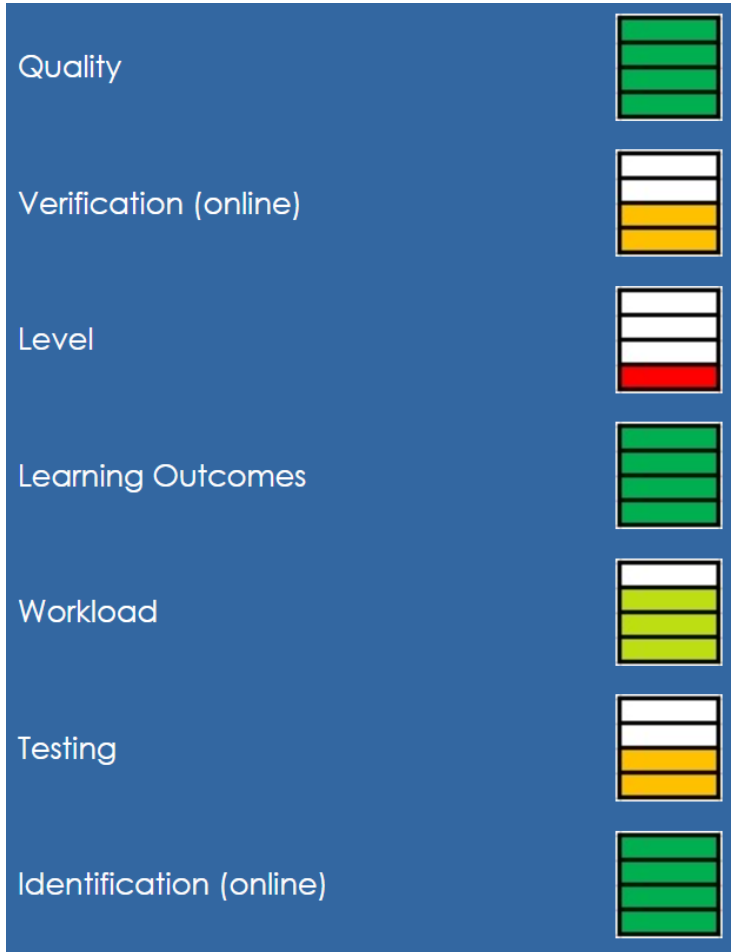
Completely green?

- Recognition is possible in line with the LRC.



(Mostly) red?

- Recognition in line with LRC most likely not possible.



Mix of colours?

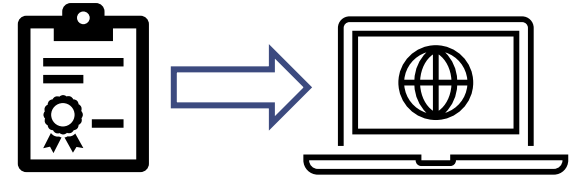
- Can you prioritize certain criteria?
- Can you accept that other criteria or not/partially met?

Mixed results in the “micro-evaluator”

- Recognition is dependant on the context.
- Flexible recognition approach.
- Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

Trying out the “Micro-Evaluator”

<https://www.nuffic.nl/en/subjects/recognition-projects/the-micro-evaluator>



- **Assignment:** evaluate the micro-credential of your case study.
- **Question:** would you recognize the micro-credential?

Profile: Hank

- Presents a micro-credential.
- Applies for bachelor in health sciences.
- Wants exemption for the course “nutrition and health”.



Profile: Betty

- Presents a micro-credential.
- Applies for master “sustainable food systems”.
- Misses knowledge sustainable food systems in current bachelor



Assumption:

The learning outcomes of the micro-credential align well with the content of the programme to which the student seeks admission.



Feedback in plenary



Food for thought/ discussion

Recommendations from the STACQ publication (selection)

- Develop fit for purpose RPL procedures to recognize micro-credentials from informal providers in a time-efficient way.
- Make sure the information about your recognition procedures for micro-credentials is easily accessible for learners and other stakeholders.

Thank you for your attention!

Questions? Comments?

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Relevant links

- [The Rise and Recognition of Micro-credentials: Stacking Modules and the Future of the Qualification](#)
- [The Micro-Evaluator](#)
- [Practitioner's guide for recognition of e-learning](#)
- [Proposal for a Council Recommendation on a European approach to micro-credentials for lifelong learning and employability](#)
- [Rome Ministerial Communiqué](#)
- [Microbol project](#)