Efficiencies in practice

the use of smartphone technology in the assessment of competencies during hospital placements for Nursing students

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Assessment Challenge





Logistics

- -200+ students
- -5 assignments each
- -5 minutes per assignment
- -10 lecturers
- -2 weeks of assessment



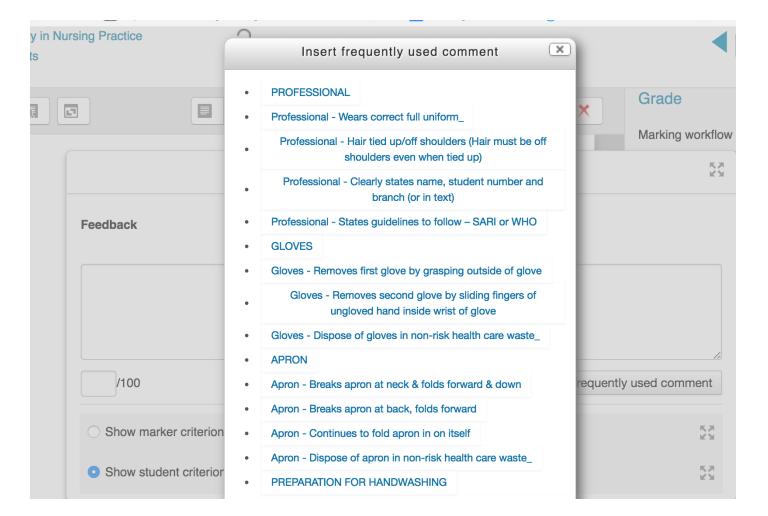


Efficient solution





Efficiency with Feedback





How did the students feel?

- -More time to practice
- -Less pressure
- -Easy to record
- -could submit when happy

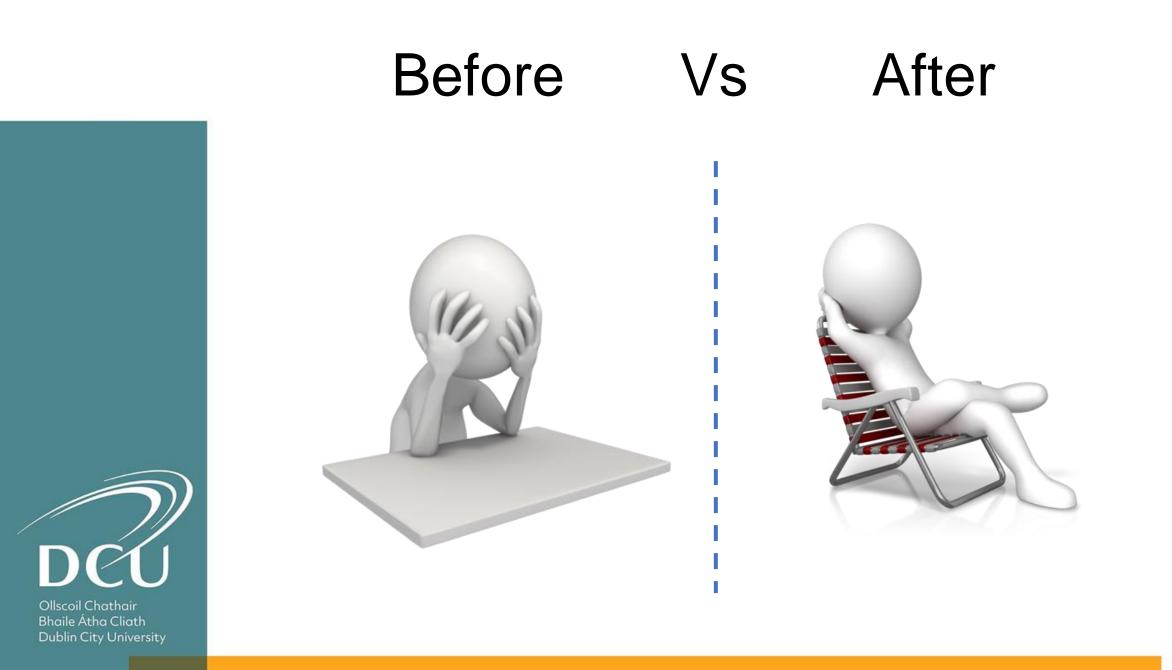




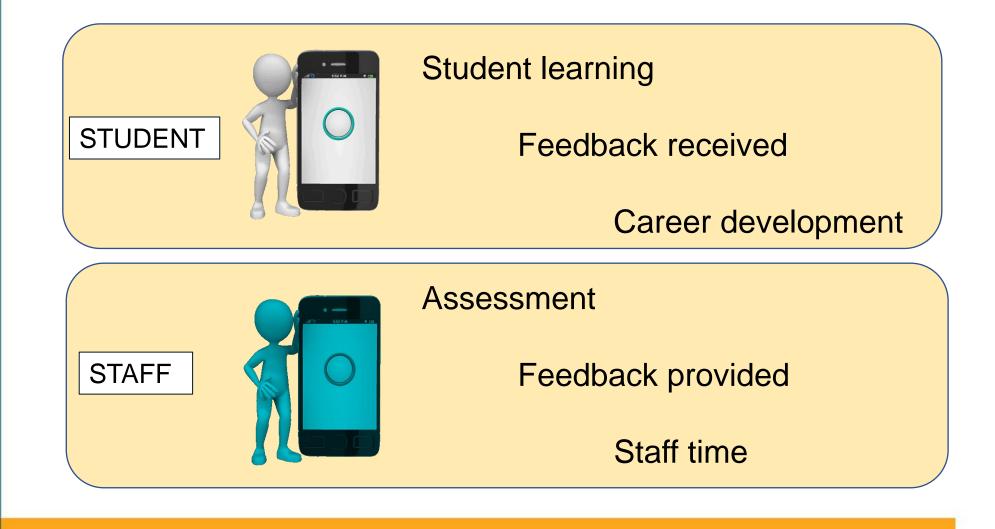
Feedback from staff

- -Positive overall
- -Valued being able to
 - -Take a break when fatigued
 - $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Rewind}}$ video to look again
 - -Refer back to video for disputed results
- -More confident of consistent marking
- -Ability to discuss differences and agree mark
- -More efficient use of time





Efficiency in terms of





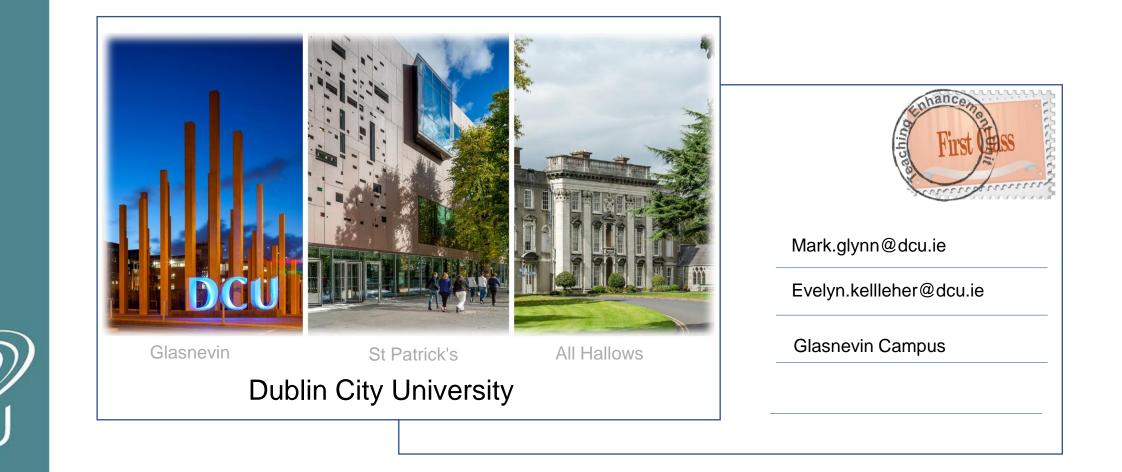
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Transferability





Contact us



Additional Slides



Framp, Downer and Layh 2015

Using video assessments as an alternative to the Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE)

By A Framp, T Downer and J Layh

Traditional OSCE assessments have been utilised to assess nursing student competence at clinical skills in undergraduate nursing programs across Australia, and this method has found to be a reliable assessment to determine knowledge, clinical skill and problem solving (Henderson et al. 2013; Smith et al. 2012). However these assessments can be both resource intensive for staff and stressful for both students and staff.

Students identified it was difficult to perform while being observed, and there is often the need for debriefing after the assessment which requires more time to be allocated. It was decided to trial video assessments as an alternative for both the second and third year undergraduate nurses, and undergraduate midwifery students. Students worked in pairs and groups of three to demonstrate clinical skills which were videoed and submitted as an assessment. The second year students demonstrated skills in patient education and included a reflection in their submission and the third year students were assessed on teaching a clinical skill to another nurse. The undergraduate midwives were assessed using woman centred care on their assessment of the newborn. The outcomes of these

The outcomes of these assessments showed benefits for both the students and the educators. Students reported enjoying the assessment and were able to reflect and self-correct their behaviours as they were doing the assessments. Students could add a verbal reflection to the video at the end if they recognised they had omitted a part of the skill at the time. Educators reported resource savings that included time to assess, time to mark assessments and time to train assessors. Moderation was achieved through review of videos and the ability for each assessor to replay videos. The outcomes of these assessments highlight the benefits of this method for nursing and midwifery students. This assessment will now be trialled across other nursing programs at this university.

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A Framp and T Downer are Program Leaders and J Layh is a Nursing Lecturer. All are at the University of the Sunshine Coast, Queensland



References

Henderson, A., Nulty, D., Jeffney, M., 2013. An implementation framework for using OSCE's in nursing curricula. Nurse Education Today. 33(12)1459-1469.

Smith, V., Muldoon, K., Bissty, L., 2012. The objective structured clinical examination (OSCE) as a strategy for assessing clinical competence in a midwifery education in Ineland: A critical review. Nurse Education in Practice. 12(5):242-247.

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