

EXTERNAL EVALUATION OF E-ASSESSMENTA CONCEPTUAL DESIGN OF ELEMENTS TO BE CONSIDERED

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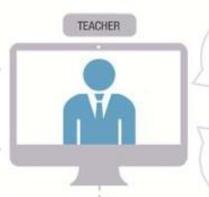




WHY?

Did he/she copy from websites?

Who has done the activity?

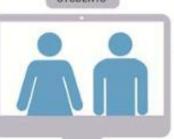


How can I enhance the assessment process using ICT?

Did he/she deliver the activity on time? When tough moments arise, copy-paste is the solution!

> I asked my colleague to do the essay!





I couldn't deliver the activity on time because my Internet connection failed during the file transfer!

Can I pass the subject through online assessment?

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY & TRUST

E-learning provision is becoming more widespread in the EHEA

Need

Resolve the gap In the current online evaluation system

The concept of quality in e-learning is as complex as the reality of e-learning itself

There is not a
European framework
on e-assessment

There is a lack of technologies to support authorship and authentication







Define and develop an **e-assessment system**, which ensures learners **authentication and authorship** in online and blended learning environments while avoiding the time and physical space limitations imposed by face-to-face examination

TeSLA MAIN OBJECTIVES



The TeSLA project will support any e-assessment model (formative, summative and continuous) covering teaching and learning processes as well as QA aspects, privacy and ethical issues, and technological requirements.





CONSORTIUM

18 Partners

8 Universities

4 Research Centers

3 Enterprises

3 QA Organizations



































Imperial College London

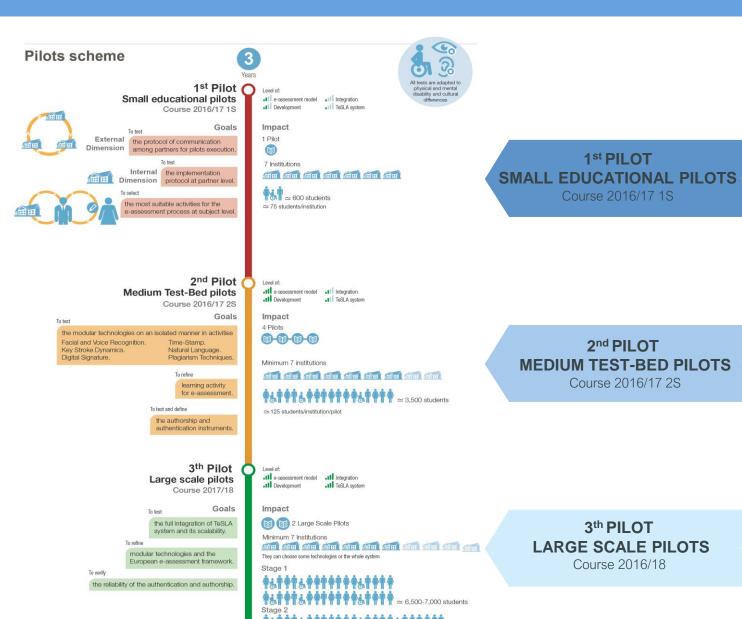




TIME PERIOD

2016

2018



An Adaptive Trust-based e-assessment system for learning



A U T H O R S H I

TeSLA INSTRUMENTS

DOCUMENT ANALYSIS

Involves the analysis of written material using a qualitative analysis package that describes discourse and its interpretation

Plagiarism tools



Analyses written material and detects similarities among various written documents



Forensic analysis

Determines the authorship verification and authorship attribution of written documents based on the comparison of current documents with stored data

BIOMETRICS

Allow the clear identification of humans based on some specific physical characteristics or special behaviour

Facial recognition



Analyses facial expressions in two stages: facial detection and recognition



Voice recognition

State-of-the-art audio description method. Speaker segmentation and cluster grouping

Keystroke dynamics



Measures how the user writes in regards to pressure and time-based measuring

SECURITY TECHNIQUES

Deploy a security service provided by a layer of communicating systems

Timestamp



Generates a sequence of encoded information identifying when an event is recorded



Digital signature

Guarantees the authenticity
of a digital message or document by
a mathematical scheme

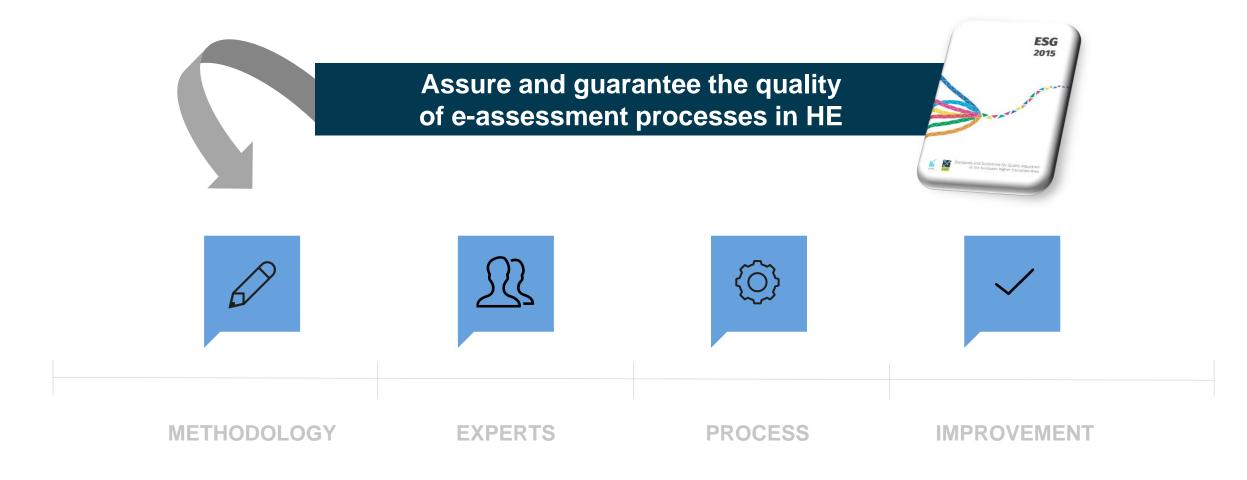








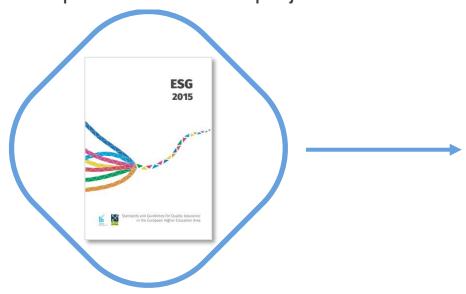
QA PILLARS IN THE TeSLA PROJECT





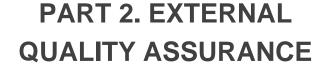


ESG (2015) are the basis for the assessment methodology developed in the TeSLA project





Development of internal quality assurance elements



Design of the external review methodology for the pilots

PART 3. QUALITY

ASSURANCE AGENCIES





1. Policies, structures, processes and resources for QA of E-Assessment

The institution has appropriate policies, structures, processes and resources to ensure that e-assessment is timely and fair, and it includes ethical and legal considerations. Besides, the proposal for the e-assessment is aligned with the pedagogical model of the institution and ensures the constant achievement of its objectives.

Main aspects:

- Organisation and protection against academic fraud
- Accessibility to students with special educational needs
- Adoption of new technologies to ensure the expected quality of e-assessment
- Technical support
- Electronic security measures
- Alignment with educational objectives and pedagogical models
- QA procedures for external partners

2. ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING

E-assessment methods are varied, facilitate pedagogical innovation and determine rigorously the level of achievement of learning outcomes. They are consistent with course activities and resources and adapt to the diversity of learners and educational models.

Main aspects:

- Informed and consistently applied
- Reflect innovative pedagogical practices
- Encourage the use of a variety of assessment methods
- Understand the diversity of learners
- Learning feedback is timely given to students
- Satisfaction procedures and student appeals processes



3. E-ASSESSMENT SYSTEM SECURITY, CAPACITY AND AUTHENTICITY

The development and implementation of the e-assessment include protective measures that **guarantee learner authentication and work authorship**. The e-assessment system is secure and fit for purpose.

Main aspects:

All-inclusive fail-safe technology development plan for:

- Technologies, data protection and privacy requirements
- Building and maintenance of the infrastructure and processes for the ongoing review of technologies
- Ensure the operability and security against external attacks

Code of conduct on academic integrity, including sanctions and good practice

4. INFRASTRUCTURE AND RESOURCES

The institution utilises the **appropriate technologies** that match the course content in order to enhance and expand learning for all types of students' needs.

Main aspects:

- Ease of use for all students
- Consider ethical and legal aspects
- Constant update in light of technological changes
- Support of a variety of methods and tools
- Sufficiently tested prior to its use
- Ensure coverage and the setup of the required technical system
- Accessible for SEND students



5. STUDENT SUPPORT

Students are aware, have access and use effective and well-resourced support services for counselling, orientation, tutoring and facilitation in order to increase retention and success. Student support covers pedagogical, technological and administrative related needs and is part of institutional policies and strategies.

Main aspects:

- Student support policies
- Access to timely and adequate support services
- Satisfaction procedures with student support

6. TEACHING STAFF

The teaching staff is **skilled and well-supported** in relation to **technological and pedagogical requirements and e-assessment methods**.

Main aspects:

- Teaching staff is trained and proficient
- Procedures to identify the support requirements of the teaching staff
- Adequate, accessible and timely technical and pedagogical support services
- Satisfaction procedures





7. LEARNING ANALYTICS

The institution has an **information management system** that enables agile, complete and representative collection of data and indicators derived from all aspects related to e-assessment methodology and authenticity and authorship technologies.

Main aspects:

 The institution collects, analyses and uses relevant information from stakeholders for the effective management of the e-assessment methodology

8. Public information

The institution appropriately informs all stakeholders of pedagogical development, the e-assessment method, and resources technology. The institution publishes reliable, complete and up to date information on pedagogical methods and technical support. Students should be made aware of the hardware requirements and learning resources technology and technical support.

Main aspects:

 The institution publishes reliable, complete and updated information on e-assessment methods, students' technical requirements and institutional technical support





CONCLUSIONS

- The ESG as the basis for quality assurance any provision of higher education, including virtual learning environments.
- This methodology can be considered as an initiation to reflect more broadly on the specificities of the quality assurance of elearning and that specifically of e-assessment.
- The assessment methodology will be adapted if necessary in the next phases of the project so that at the end of the project a fully applicable e-assessment methodology will be provided.





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION







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DISCUSSION QUESTIONS



What is the most challenging element in the assessment of e-learning for quality assurance agencies? And for higher education institutions?



Does e-learning / e-assessment call for new approaches to internal and external QA?



What can QA of e-learning / e-assessment contribute to the development of higher education provision? Can it widen access and delivery by making provision more open, transparent and flexible?

