







Main considerations for QA of e-learning provision



13th EQAF – Broadening the scope of QA (Vienna)

Esther Huertas (ehuertashidalgo@aqu.cat) - AQU Catalunya Sandra Marcos (MarOrtSa@jcyl.es) - ACSUCYL







- 1. Introduction
- 2. QA of e-learning provision
- 3. Conclusions
- 4. Spanish experience

Digital revolution









Main reasons

- Globalisation
- Worldwide internet









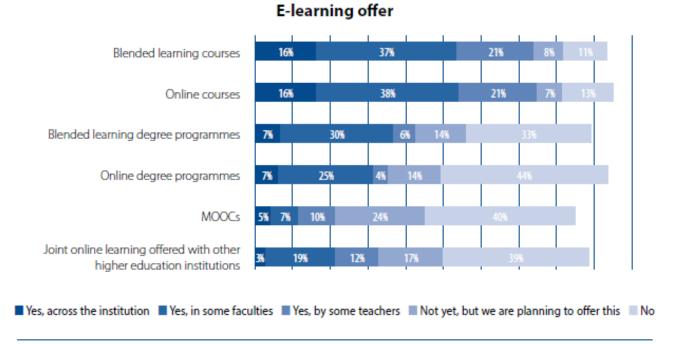




Figure 20: Does your institution offer any of the following? (Q43)



EUA, 2015



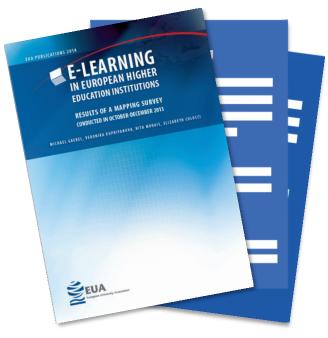
https://eua.eu/component/attachments/attachments.html?id=437

Internal / External QA

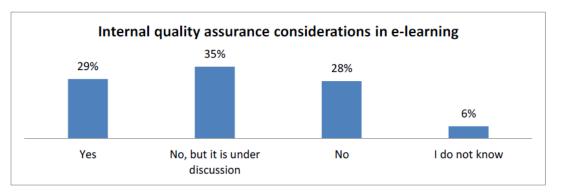


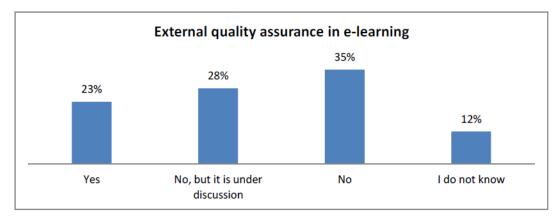






EUA, 2014





ENQA WG on QA and e-learning









Objectives

- Create an inventory of sources on QA and e-Learning.
- Agree on definition of e-learning.
- Agree on recommendations (QAA and HEIs).



Members

Esther Huertas (chair), Lindsey Kerber (secretary), Georg Seppmann, Sandra Marcos, Monika Risse, Ivan Biscan, Charlotte Ejsing, Liza Kozlowska, Liia Lauri, Kerstin Schoerg, Ana Capilla



Calendar

November 2016 – November 2018





















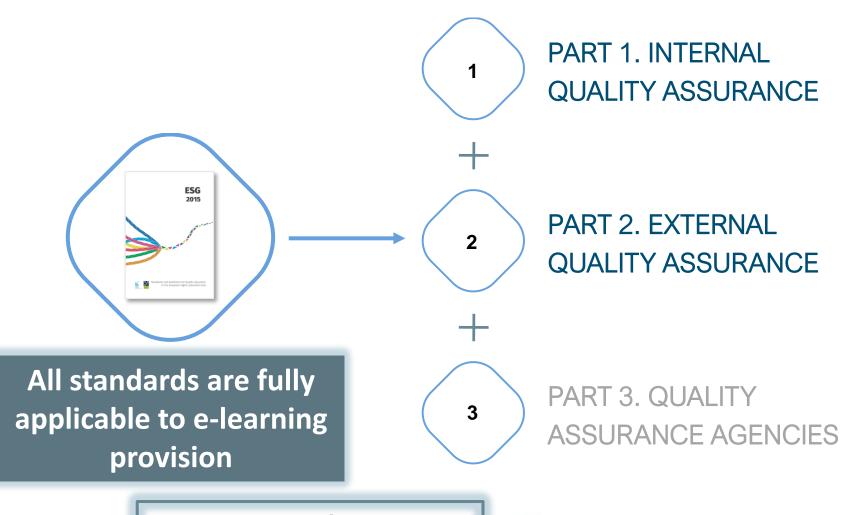












Recommendations to QAA and HEI





















Standard 1.1* - Policy for quality assurance





Standard 1.3* - Student-centred learning, teaching and assessment

Standard 1.4* - Student admission, progression, recognition and certification

Standard 1.5* - Teaching staff

Standard 1.6* - Learning resources and student support

Standard 1.7* – Information management

Standard 1.8 – **Public information**

Standard 1.9 – On-going monitoring and periodic review of programmes

Standard 1.10 - Cyclical external quality assurance







1.1

Standard 1.1 – Policy for quality assurance

- E-learning strategy is embedded in the overall strategy of the institution (adapt QA strategies?).
- Policies to grant access & ensure participation of SEND students.
- Ethical and legal considerations.
- Stakeholders involvement.

1.3

Standard 1.3 – Student-centred learning, teaching and assessment

- Educational model designed in order to guarantee students achievement of LO.
- E-assessment (authentication and authorship).
- Formation of online discussion groups (student-student contact & sharing experiences / teachers students).
- Learning materials and appropriate updates.







Standard 1.4 – Student admission, progression, recognition and certification



- Academic recognition assured.
- Same level of recognition by professional bodies & employers as on-campus programmes.
- Fraud / Diploma mills.

Standard 1.5 – Teaching staff



- Definition of the structure, profile and role of teaching staff.
- Skilled & well supported (training / support services): pedagogical and technological requirements.
- Coordination of teaching activity is more complex.







1.6

Standard 1.6 – Learning resources and student support

Learning resources

- VLE
 - Interoperable & robust.
 - Ensure accessibility of learning materials & e-assessment.
- Library, virtual labs. (if appropriate).

Student support

- Tutoring, pedagogical, technological, administrative-related needs.
- Student support adapted to e-learning environment.
- Improve student retention rate and success & satisfaction of students.

Virtual mobility (students and academics)

Standard 1.7 – Information management

Data & indicators derived from e-learning.









Standard 2.1 – Consideration of internal quality assurance

Standard 2.2* – Designing methodologies fit for purpose

Standard 2.3* – Implementing processes

Standard 2.4* – Peer-review experts

Standard 2.5 – Criteria for outcomes

Standard 2.6 - Reporting

Standard 2.7 – Complaints and appeals







Standard 2.2 – Designing methodologies fit for purpose



- Particularities of Part 1 (Internal QA).
- Flexible processes to include new modes of teaching and learning (innovation).
- Specific criteria, indicators, guidelines or frameworks.

Standard 2.3 – Implementing processes

2.3

SAR

- Pedagogical model & VLE explanation.
- Access and navigate the VLE (classrooms, debate forums, teaching materials, etc.).

Site visit

- Intense examination of technological infrastructure.
- Interview all stakeholders (different teaching staff profile).







Standard 2.4 – Peer-review experts



- Experts with experience in e-learning / blended learning.
- Training.









- HEI are adopting new pedagogies very quickly, while QAA are adapting in terms of giving special consideration to e-learning.
- ENQA's WG report demonstrates that ESG are fully applicable to e-learning provision.
 Common understanding for HEI and QAA.
- Quality of e-learning should be guaranteed as any other type of provision. HEI should ensure the continuous improvement.





SPANISH EXPERIENCE

Context and references

- Implementation of considerations
- Main challenges
- Conclusions





SPANISH HIGHER EDUCATION INTITUTIONS PROVIDING E-LEARNING PROGRAMMES:

- "TRADITIONAL" UNIVERSITIES
- > ON-LINE/DISTANCE UNIVERSITIES
- NEW PROVIDERS CONCEIVED AS A BUSINESS MODEL

Context and references (II)





- ❖ CONSIDERATIONS FOR QA OF E-LEARNING PROVISION (ENQA, Occasional paper, 2018)
- ❖ SPANISH FRAMEWORK FOR THE EVALUATION OF PROGRAMMES
- SPANISH LEGISLATION

GUIDELINES FOR THE
DESIGN AND
EVALUATION OF ELEARNING
PROGRAMMES. (REACU)

Context and references (III)











Considerations for QA of elearning provision. (ENQA)



Guidelines for the design and evaluation of e-learning programmes. (REACU)





GUIDELINES FROM ACSUCYL

GUIDELINES FROM AQU CATALUNYA

Implementation of considerations





SPANISH GUIDELINES	ENQA CONSIDERATIONS
JUSTIFICATION	ESG 1.1/1.2
ACCESS AND ADMISSION	ESG 1.4/1.8
PLANNING OF STUDIES	ESG 1.3/1.5
TEACHING STAFF	ESG 1.5
INFRAESTRUCTURE AND SUPPORT	ESG 1.6
EXPECTED OUTCOMES	ESG 1.3/1.7
QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM	ESG 1.1/1.9

Main challenges





- > INSTITUTIONAL STRATEGY
- > TEACHING STAFF
- METHODOLOGIES AND DESIGN OF CONTENTS
- > VIRTUAL LEARNING ENVIRONMENT
- > QUALIFIED EXPERTS





IQAS

Specific student profile

Specialized teaching staff

Innovation

Strategy and institutional commitment

Flexibility

Technological and pedagogical

Methodology

Teaching and Learning











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